



OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS (NS-III), MUMBAI ZONE -II.

MUMBAI ZONE -II, JAWAHARLAL NEHRU CUSTOM HOUSE, NHAVA SHEVA,

DIST- RAIGAD, MAHARASHTRA - 400 707. E-mail id- group4.jnch@gov.in

F. No. - CUSTAPR S(N 293 23 W. IV

Date: 21-11-2025

SCN No. -1355 2025. 28 | ADC 67 17 NS-11 (AC IN (H DIN - 2025 1178 NV000000 D4D2

5/10-1151/28-28/Adi/ ADC/67.17/NJ-11/CAC/2NCH

SHOW CAUSE NOTICE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 124 OF CUSTOMS ACT, 1962 READ WITH SECTION 28 OF CUSTOMS ACT, 1962

Whereas, M/S Alliedmetal Corporation Floor (IEC: 316913979) situated at6TH 69/71 601 Hari Krupa Height, Kehtwadi 10th Lane, Parekh Wadi, Girgaon, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400004(herein after referred as 'Importer') had imported consignments of items namely 'Aluminium Cladded Circles Cladded with stainless steel from both sides' of various grades under CTH73269070 (hereinafter referred to as 'the said goods") as detailed in Annexure-A.

- 2. During the course of post clearance audit, it has been observed that the Importer has mis-classified the said goods in order to evade the applicable CVD of 18.95% on 'SS Triply Circles' as per Notification No.1/2017-Customs (CVD) dated 07.09.2017. As per the said notification, CVD of 18.95% was imposed on all 'Flat rolled products of stainless steel; originating in or exported from PR China and classified under CTH 7219 or 7220. The only product exempted from the CVD was 'razor blade grade steel.
- 3. In order to arrive at proper CTH for Aluminium Cladded Circles Cladded with stainless steel from both sides / SS triply circle, it is necessary to understand the scheme of distribution of different items under Chapter 72 and 73 of Section XV of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975:
- **3.1.** The Section XV (Base Metals and Articles of Base Metal) of Customs Tariff consists of two chapters of Iron and Steel:-

Chapter 72 - Iron and Steel and Chapter 73 - Articles of Iron and Steel.

To understand the difference between the items of Chapter 72 and the items of Chapter 73, it is important to take a look at the description of goods in some of the chapter headings (CTH) in both the said chapters.

3.1.1. Chapter Heading in CTH 72
Chapter Heading Description of goods

7201 PIG IRON AND SPIEGELEISEN IN PIGS, BLOCKS OR OTHER PRIMARY FORMS

FERROUS PRODUCTS OBTAINED BY DIRECT REDUCTION OF IRON ORE AND OTHER SPONGY FERROUS PRODUCTS, IN LUMPS, PELLETS OR SIMILAR FORMS; HAVING A MINIMUM PURITY BY WEIGHT OF 99.94% IN LUMPS, PELLETS OR SIMILAR FORMS.

7205 GRANULES AND POWDERS, OF PIG IRON, SPIEGELEISEN, IRON OR STEEL GRANULES.

7206 IRON AND NON-ALLOY STEEL IN INGOTS OR OTHER PRIMARY FORMS (EXCLUDING IRON OF HEADING 7203)

7207 SEMI-FINISHED PRODUCTS OF IRON OR NON-ALLOY STEEL

7208 FLAT-ROLLED PRODUCTS OF IRON OR NON-ALLOY STEEL, OF A WIDTH OF 600 MM OR MORE, HOT-ROLLED NOT CLAD, PLATED OR COATED

7213 BARS AND RODS, HOT-ROLLED, IN REGULARLY WOUND COILS, OF IRON OR NON-ALLOY STEEL

On careful examination of description of goods viz. pig iron, granules, iron ingots, bars etc., it seems apparent that neither of the goods qualify as finished product. It consists of primary material, semi-finished products and flat-rolled products of iron and different type of steel (Non alloy/Stainless/Other Alloys).

3.1.2. Chapter Heading in CTH 73

Chapter Heading Description of goods

SHEET PILING OF IRON OR STEEL, WHETHER OR NOT DRILLED, PUNCHED OR MADE FROM ASSEMBLED ELEMENTS; WELDED ANGLES, SHAPES AND SECTIONS, OF IRON OR STEEL RAILWAY OR TRAMWAY TRACK CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL OF IRON OR STEEL, THE FOLLOWING: RAILS, CHECK-RAILS AND RACK RAILS, SWITCH BLADES, CROSSING FROGS, POINT RODS AND OTHER CROSSING PIECES, SLEEPERS (CROSS-TIES), FISH-PLATES, CHAIRS, WEDGES, SOLE PLATES (BASE PLATES), RAIL CLIPS, BEDPLATES, TIES AND OTHER MATERIAL SPECIALIZED FOR JOINTING OR FIXING RAILS.

7303 TUBES, PIPES AND HOLLOW PROFILES, OF CAST IRON

7309 RESERVOIRS, TANKS, VATS AND SIMILAR CONTAINERS FOR ANY MATERIAL (OTHER THAN COMPRESSED OR LIQUIFIED GAS), OF IRON OR STEEL, OF A CAPACITY EXCEEDING 300L, WHETHER OR NOT LINED OR HEAT-INSULATED, BUT NOT FITTED WITH MECHANICAL OR THERMAL EQUIPMENT.

7316 ANCHORS, GRAPNELS AND PARTS THEREOF, OR IRON OR STEEL

7319 SEWING NEEDLES, KNITTING NEEDLES, BODKINS, CROCHET HOOKS, EMBROIDERY STILETTOS AND SIMILAR ARTICLES, FOR USE IN THE HAND, OF IRON OR STEEL; SAFETY PINS AND OTHER PINS OF IRON OR STEELS, NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED OR INCLUDED

TABLE, KITCHEN OR OTHER HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES AND PARTS THEREOF, OF IRON OR STEEL; IRON OR STEEL WOOLL; POT SCOURERS ABD SCOURING OR POLISHING PADS, GLOVES AND THE LIKE, OF IRON OR STEEL.

As can be seen from above table the goods included in Chapter 73 are sheet pilings, tubes, pipes, anchors, sewing needle, kitchen articles of iron or steel etc. All these products have their direct end uses and can be used independently without being further worked upon. For example, the article mentioned at CTH 7301 – SHEET PILING OF IRON OR STEEL, though being simple metal sheets have their use as finished product/Article for construction and other activities.

- **3.2.** An article under Chapter 73 has to be a finished product which either can be used independently or to be joined or fixed together to make structures etc.
- **3.3.** In case of 'SS Triply Circle', it does not have any function or use which is intrinsic to it. It is a flat-rolled product, which is further worked upon to get a desired article. The 'SS Triply Circle' cannot be termed as an 'Article' because it cannot be used directly and has to be substantially processed further to get the desired article. To arrive at right CTI for the 'SS Triply Circles', its nature, form and composition is discussed in detail in the following paras:-
- 3.4. Further, the SS Triply Circle is a composite product of two base metal viz. Stainless Steel and Aluminium, yet it should be classified as product of Stainless Steel (Not aluminium) as Stainless Steel predominates weight of Aluminium. As per Note 7 to Chapter XV of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975, "Classification of composite articles; except where the heading otherwise require, articles of base metal (including articles of mixed materials treated as articles of base metals under the Interpretative Rules)" containing two or more base metals are to be treated as articles of base metal predominating by weight over each of the other metals. For this purpose: (a) iron and steel, or different kinds of iron or steel, are regarded as one of the same metal." Based on above note, the 'SS Triply Circle' merits classification as a product of Stainless Steel under Chapter 72.
- **3.5.** In Chapter 72 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975, the different CTHs have been put into 4 sub-chapters as follows:
- i) PRIMARY MATERIALS PRODUCTS IN GRANULAR OR POWDER FORM (CTH 7201 TO 7205) ii) IRON AND NON-ALLOY STEEL (7206 TO CTH 7217)
 - iii) STAINLESS STEEL (CTH 7218 TO CTH 7227)
 - IV) OTHER ALLOY STEEL; HOLLOWDRILL BARS AND RODS OF ALLOYS OR NON-ALLOY STEEL (CTH 7228 TO 7229)
- **3.5.1.** The SS Triply Circles is a product of Stainless Steel and therefore shall fall in the sub chapter III- Stainless Steel (CTH 7218 to CTH 7227) of Chapter 72. The only relevant CTH for this kind of product is either:
- 7219 (Flat Rolled Products of Stainless Steel, of a width of 600 mm or more) \mathbf{OR}
- 7220 (Flat-Rolled Products of Stainless Steel, of a width of less than 600mm)
- **3.5.2.** To further clarify the issue, the relevant part of Note 1 to the Chapter 72 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 is reproduced as below:

1 (j) Semi-finished products:

Continuous cast products of solid section, whether or not subjected to primary

hot-rolling; and

Other products of solid section, which have not been further worked than subjected to primary hot-rolling or roughly shaped by forging, including blanks for angles, shapes or sections.

These products are not presented in coils.

1 (k) Flat-rolled products:

Rolled products of solid rectangular (other than square) cross-section, which do not confirm to the definition at (ij) above in the form of:

- · Coils of successively superimposed layers, or
- Straight lengths, which if of a thickness less than 4.75 mm are of a width measuring at least ten times the thickness or if of a thickness of 4.75 mm or more are of a width which exceeds 150 mm and measures at least twice the thickness.
 Flat-rolled products include those with patterns in relief derived directly from rolling (for example, grooves, ribs, chequers, tears, buttons and lozenges) and

rolling (for example, grooves, ribs, chequers, tears, buttons and lozenges) and those which have been perforated, corrugated or polished, provided that they do not thereby assume the character of articles or products of other headings.

Flat-rolled products of a shape other than rectangular or square, of any size, are to be classified as products of a width of 600 mm or more, provided that they do not assume the character of articles or products of other heading.

3.5.3. Considering the shape of the SS Triply Circles/Aluminium cladded Triply Circles as round/ circular if fits into the definition of Flat-rolled product of a width of 600 mm or more as per Note 1(k) of Chapter 72 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975. Thus, SS Triply circles merits classifiable under CTH 7219.

Chapter heading 7219 reads as – Flat-rolled products of Stainless Steel of a width of 600mm or more. As the import product is a cladded product, not specially mentioned in any of the CTI under CTH 7219, it would merit classification under the category – 'OTHERS' under CTI 72199090.

3.6. On account of classification of the import product SS Triply Circle under CTH 7219, the CVD Notification No.01/2017-Cus dated 07.09.2017 appear to be applicable:

Sr. No.	Heading	Description of goods		Country of export			Duty amount as % of landed value	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	

1	7219 or 7220	Flat-rolled products of stainless steel-(Note below)	China PR	China PR	Any	Any	18.95%
2	-do-	-do-	China PR	Any Country	Any	Any	18.95%
3	-do-	-do-	Any Country	China PR	Any	Any	18.95%

Note: (1) Flat Rolled Products of Stainless Steel for the purpose of the present notification implies: "Flat rolled products of stainless steel, whether hot rolled or cold rolled of all grades/series; whether or not in plates sheets, or in coil form or in any shape, of any width, of thickness 1.2mm to 10 Sum in case of hot rolled coils; 3mm to 105mm in case of hot rolled plates & sheets; and up to 6.75 min case of cold rolled flat products Product scope specifically excludes razor blade grade steel"

- 4. In view of above facts, it appears that mis-classification of Stainless Steel Triply Circle under Customs Tariff heading76069210by the importer has led to non-payment of CVD @18.95% of landed value which otherwise would have been applicable, had the import product been rightly classified under CTH 7219.
- 5. Accordingly, a Consultative Letter CL No. 21/2022-23 (C2) vide F.No. S/2-Audit-Gen-476/2021-22/JNCH (C-2) dated 07.04.2022was issued to the importer advising for payment of differential duty along with applicable interest and penalty. However, importer has neither made any payment nor has given any documentary evidence or reply to the CL.
- Whereas, consequent upon amendment to the Section 17 of the Customs 6. Act, 1962 vide Finance Act, 2011, 'Self-assessment' has been introduced in customs clearance. Section 17 of the Customs Act, effective from 08.04.2011 [CBEC's (now CBIC) Circular No. 17/2011 dated 08.04.2011], provides for selfassessment of duty on imported goods by the importer himself by filing a bill of entry, in the electronic form. Section 46 of the Customs Act, 1962 makes it mandatory for the importer to make entry for the imported goods by presenting a bill of entry electronically to the proper officer. As per Regulation 4 of the Bill of Entry (Electronic Declaration) Regulation, 2011 (issued under Section 157 read with Section 46 of the Customs Act, 1962), the bill of entry shall be deemed to have been filed and self-assessment of duty completed when, after entry of the electronic declaration (which is defined as particulars relating to the imported goods that are entered in the Indian Customs Electronic Data Interchange System) in the Indian Customs Electronic Data Interchange System either through ICEGATE or by way of data entry through the service center, a

bill of entry number is generated by the Indian Customs Electronic Data Interchange System for the said declaration. Thus, under self-assessment, it is the importer who has to ensure that he declares the correct classification, applicable rate of duty, value, benefit of exemption notifications claimed, if any, in respect of the imported goods while presenting the bill of entry. Thus, with the introduction of self-assessment by amendments to Section 17, since 08.04.2011, it is the added and enhanced responsibility of the importer more specifically the RMS facilitated Bill of Entry in this instant case, to declare the correct description, value, notification, etc. and to correctly classify, determine and pay the duty applicable in respect of the imported goods.

7. Relevant Legal Provisions: After the introduction of self-assessment vide Finance Act, 2011, the onus is on the Importer to make true and correct declaration in all aspects including Classification and calculation of duty, but in the instant case the subject goods have been mis-classified and IGST amount has not been paid correctly.

Relevant legal provisions for recovery of duty that appears to be evaded are reproduced here for the sake of brevity which are applicable in this instant case:

7.1. Section 17(1) Assessment of duty, reads as:

An importer entering any imported goods under section 46, or an exporter entering any export goods under section 50, shall, save as otherwise provided in section 85, self-assess the duty, if any, leviable on such goods.

- **7.2** Section 28 (Recovery of duties not levied or not paid or short-levied or short-paid or erroneously refunded) reads as:
- (4) Where any duty has not been levied or not paid or has been short-levied or short-paid or erroneously refunded, or interest payable has not been paid, part-paid or erroneously refunded, by reason of,-
- (a) collusion; or
- (b) any willful mis-statement; or
- (c) suppression of facts,

by the importer or the exporter or the agent or employee of the importer or exporter, the proper officer shall, within five years from the relevant date, serve notice on the person chargeable with duty or interest which has not been so levied or not paid or which has been so short-levied or short-paid or to whom the refund has erroneously been made, requiring him to show cause why he should not pay the amount specified in the notice.

(5) Where any duty has not been levied or not paid or has been short-levied or short paid or the interest has not been charged or has been part-paid or the duty

or interest has been erroneously refunded by reason of collusion or any willful mis-statement or suppression of facts by the importer or the exporter or the agent or the employee of the importer or the exporter, to whom a notice has been served under sub- section (4) by the proper officer, such person may pay the duty in full or in part, as may be accepted by him, and the interest payable thereon under section 28AA and the penalty equal to fifteen per cent of the duty specified in the notice or the duty so accepted by that person, within thirty days of the receipt of the notice and inform the proper officer of such payment in writing.

- (6) Where the importer or the exporter or the agent or the employee of the importer or the exporter, as the case may be, has paid duty with interest and penalty under sub-section (5), the proper officer shall determine the amount of duty or interest and on determination, if the proper officer is of the opinion-
- (i) that the duty with interest and penalty has been paid in full, then, the proceedings in respect of such person or other persons to whom the notice is served under sub-section (1) or sub-section (4), shall, without prejudice to the provisions of sections 135, 135A and 140 be deemed to be conclusive as to the matters stated therein; or
- (ii) that the duty with interest and penalty that has been paid falls short of the amount actually payable, then, the proper officer shall proceed to issue the notice as provided for in clause (a) of sub-section (1) in respect of such amount which falls short of the amount actually payable in the manner specified under that subsection and the period of two years shall be computed from the date of receipt of information under sub-section (5).

7.3 SECTION 28AA-Interest on delayed payment of duty

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any judgment, decree, order or direction of any court, Appellate Tribunal or any authority or in any other provision of this Act or the rules made thereunder, the person, who is liable to pay duty in accordance with the provisions of section 28, shall, in addition to such duty, be liable to pay interest, if any, at the rate fixed under sub-section (2), whether such payment is made voluntarily or after determination of the duty under that section.
- (2) Interest, at such rate not below ten per cent. and not exceeding thirty-six per cent. per annum, as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, fix, shall be paid by the person liable to pay duty in terms of section 28 and such interest shall be calculated from the first day of the month succeeding the month in which the duty ought to have been paid or from the date of such erroneous refund, as the case may be, up to the date of payment of such duty.

7.4 SECTION 46. Entry of goods on importation, subsection 46(4) reads as:

(4) The importer while presenting a bill of entry shall make and subscribe to a declaration as to the truth of the contents of such bill of entry and shall, in

support of such declaration, produce to the proper officer the invoice, if any, and such other documents relating to the imported goods as may be prescribed.

- **7.5**. **Section 111** (Confiscation of improperly imported goods etc.) reads as: The following goods brought from a place outside India shall be liable to confiscation (m) Any goods which do not correspond in respect of value or in any other particular with the entry made under this Act.....;
- **7.6.** Section 112 (Penalty for improper importation of goods etc.) reads as: "Any person,-

(a)who in relation to any goods does or omits to do any act which act or omission would render such goods liable to confiscation under Section 111, or abets the doing or omission of such an act shall be liable,-

- (i) in the case of goods in respect of which any prohibition is in force under this Act or any other law for the time being in force, to a penalty not exceeding the value of the goods or five thousand rupees, whichever is greater;
- (ii) in the case of dutiable goods, other than prohibited goods, subject to the provisions of Section 114A, to a penalty not exceeding ten percent of the duty sought to be evaded or five thousand rupees, whichever is higher......"

7.7. SECTION 114A- Penalty for short-levy or non-levy of duty in certain cases. –

Where the duty has not been levied or has been short-levied or the interest has not been charged or paid or has been part paid or the duty or interest has been erroneously refunded by reason of collusion or any wilful mis-statement or suppression of facts, the person who is liable to pay the duty or interest, as the case may be, as determined under sub-section (8) of section 28 shall also be liable to pay a penalty equal to the duty or interest so determined:

Provided that where such duty or interest, as the case may be, as determined under sub-section (8) of section 28, and the interest payable thereon under section 28AA, is paid within thirty days from the date of the communication of the order of the proper officer determining such duty, the amount of penalty liable to be paid by such person under this section shall be twenty-five per cent of the duty or interest, as the case may be, so determined:

Provided further that the benefit of reduced penalty under the first proviso shall be available subject to the condition that the amount of penalty so determined has also been paid within the period of thirty days referred to in that proviso:

Provided also that where the duty or interest determined to be payable is reduced or increased by the Commissioner (Appeals), the Appellate Tribunal or, as the case may be, the court, then, for the purposes of this section, the duty or

interest as reduced or increased, as the case may be, shall be taken into account:

Provided also that in case where the duty or interest determined to be payable is increased by the Commissioner (Appeals), the Appellate Tribunal or, as the case may be, the court, then, the benefit of reduced penalty under the first proviso shall be available if the amount of the duty or the interest so increased, along with the interest payable thereon under section 28AA, and twenty-five percent of the consequential increase in penalty have also been paid within thirty days of the communication of the order by which such increase in the duty or interest takes effect:

Provided also that where any penalty has been levied under this section, no penalty shall be levied under section 112 or section 114.

Explanation. - For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that -

- (i) the provisions of this section shall also apply to cases in which the order determining the duty or interest under sub-section (8) of section 28 relates to notices issued prior to the date on which the Finance Act, 2000 receives the assent of the President;
- (ii) any amount paid to the credit of the Central Government prior to the date of communication of the order referred to in the first proviso or the fourth proviso shall be adjusted against the total amount due from such person.

7.8. SECTION 114AA. Penalty for use of false and incorrect material. -

If a person knowingly or intentionally makes, signs or uses, or causes to be made, signed or used, any declaration, statement or document which is false or incorrect in any material particular, in the transaction of any business for the purposes of this Act, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five times the value of goods.]

7.9. SECTION 117. Penalties for contravention, etc., not expressly mentioned. - Any person who contravenes any provision of this Act or abets any such contravention or who fails to comply with any provision of this Act with which it was his duty to comply, where no express penalty is elsewhere provided for such contravention or failure, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one lakh rupees.

Acts of omission and commission by the Importer:

8.1. As per section 17(1) of the Act, "An Importer entering any imported goods under section 46, shall, save as otherwise provided in section 85, self-assess the duty, if any, leviable on such goods." Thus, in this case the importer had self-assessed the Bills of Entry and appears to have Non-levy / Short levy of Customs Duty and/or IGST due to mis-classification. As the importer got monetary benefit due to said act, it is apparent that the same was done

deliberately by willful mis-classification of the said goods in the Bills of Entry during self-assessment. Therefore, differential duty, as mentioned in Annexure-A, is recoverable from the importer under Section 28(4) of the Customs Act, 1962 along with applicable interest as per Section 28AA of the said Act.

- **8.2.** It appears that the Importer has given a declaration under section 46(4) of the Act, for the truthfulness of the content submitted at the time of filing Bill of Entry. However, the applicable Customs Duty on the subject goods was not paid by the Importer at the time of clearance of goods. It also appears that the Importer has submitted a false declaration under section 46(4) of the Act. By the act of presenting goods in contravention to the provisions of section 111(m), it appears that the Importer has rendered the subject goods liable for confiscation under section 111(m) of the Act. For the above act of deliberate omission and commission that rendered the goods liable to confiscation. Accordingly, the Importer also appears liable to penal action under Section 112(a) and/ or Section 114A and/or Section 117 of the Customs Act,1962.
- **9.** From the foregoing, it appears that the Importer has willfully misclassified the goods; that the Importer has submitted a false declaration under section 46(4) of the said Act. Due to this act of omission of Importer, there has been loss to the government exchequer equal to the differential duty mentioned in Annexure-A.
- **10.** The differential duty along with Re-determined duty for the goods covered under bills of entry are as below.

		Duty Payable	
	impugned goods	for impugned	Differential
Bill of Entry NO. and date	(In Rs.)	goods (In Rs.)	duty (In Rs.)
2935491 dated 27.02.2021	1653125.775	2762666.389	1109540.614
2826894 dated 19.02.2021	1514347.439	2530743.174	1016395.735
2478151 dated 23.01.2021	1390558.289	2323869.548	933311.259
9704575 dated 25.11.2020	1176617.922	1966337.247	789719.325
Total	5734649.425	9583616.358	3848966.93

11. Therefore, in terms of Section 124 read with Section 28(4) of the Customs Act, 1962, M/s. Alliedmetal Corporation Floor (IEC:316913979) situated at 6th 69/71, 601 Hari Krupa Height, Kehtwadi 10th Lane, Parekh Wadi, Girgaon, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400004, is hereby called upon to Show

Cause to the Additional Commissioner of Customs, Group IV/IVA, Jawaharlal Nehru Custom House, Nhava Sheva, Tal-Uran, Dist.- Raigad, Maharashtra-400707 within 30 days of the receipt of this notice as to why:

- i. Differential duty amounting Rs.38,48,967/- (Rupees thirty-eight lakhs forty-eight thousand nine hundred sixty-seven only) for Bills of Entry as mentioned in Annexure-A should not be recovered from the importer under Section 28(4) of Customs Act, 1962 along with applicable interest under Section 28AA of the Customs Act, 1962.
- ii. The subject goods values atRs. 1,85,10,812/-(Rupees one crore eighty-five lakhs ten thousand eight hundred twelve only)should not be confiscated under section 111(m) of the Customs Act,1962.
- iii. Penalty should not be imposed on them under Section 112(a) and/or 114A and Section 117 of the Customs Act, 1962.
- 12. The written explanation/reply should be filed by the importer to the Assistant Commissioner Gr. 4/4A, NS-III JNCH, Nhava Sheva, within 30 days from the date of this notice. The importer is further required to intimate in their written reply whether they wish to be heard in person before the case is adjudicated.
- 13. If no reply is received within 30 days of receipt of this notice, or importer fails to appear before the Assistant Commissioner as and when the case is posted for hearing, the case will be decided ex-parte on the basis of evidence available on record without further reference to the importer.
- 14. The importer may like to avail of the benefits extended under Section 28(5) of the Customs Act, 1962 by paying the Customs duty and interest as demanded above along with penalty @15% of the duty demanded above within 30 days from the date of receipt of this notice and seek conclusion of proceedings under this notice under Section 28(6) of the Customs Act, 1962.
- 15. This Notice is issued without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against the importer and or any other person under the provisions of the Customs Act 1962 or any other law for the time being in force in the Union of India. The department reserves its right to add, alter or supplement this notice at any time before any order is prepared in this matter.

Digitally signed by ARVIND GHUGE Date: 21-11-2025 13:21:08

(Arvind B Ghuge)

Additional Commissioner of Customs,

Encl:

Annexure-A

Group-4/4A, NS- III, JNCH, Nhava

Sheva.

To,

M/s. Alliedmetal Corporation Floor 6th 69/71, 601 Hari Krupa Height, Kehtwadi 10th Lane, Parekh Wadi, EM712700517IN Girgaon, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400004

Copy to:

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Audit Circle-D3/C2, JNCH

2. The Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Central Adjudication Cell, JNCH

3. Notice Board

4. Office Copy.

EMT12700049IN of mls. Allied metel corp. shop. No. Dlis, CAfloor. shree Darsham . CHS Ud, 122 Khetwadi Back Road mumber - 400004.

. आयुक्त सीमाशुल्क/ Dy. Commissioner of Qustoms सी.एच.एस. अनुभाग

जवाहरलाल नेहरु सीमाशुल्क भवन, न्हाचा शेवां, Jawaharlal Nehru Custom House, Nhava Sheva

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Sunglory Agency	Sunglory	Sunglory Agency	Sunglory Agency	Sunglory Agency	Sunglory Agency	Sunglory Agency	Sunglory Agency	Sunglory Agency	Sunglory Agency	Sunglory Agency	N.T RAMA RAO	N.T RAMA	N.T RAMA	N.T RAMA RAO	N.T RAMA RAO	N.T RAMA RAO	N.T RAMA RAO	N.T RAMA RAO	N.T RAMA RAO	CHA NAME
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Allied Metal Corporation Floor		Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal 316913979 Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Allied Metal Corporation Floor	Importer				
5	_	3	2	_	6	5	4	ω.	2	_	0	5	4	з	2	1	3	2	_	S.NO.
73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	73269070	СТН
Triply Circle (Aluminium Circles with both outer surface Cladded With SS 304 430 compunded thickness=2.5MM)	Triply Circle (Aluminium Circles with both outer surface Cladded With SS 304 430 compunded thickness=2.5MM)	Triply Circle (Aluminium Circles with both outer surface Cladded With SS 304 430 compunded thickness=2.5MM)	Triply Circle (Aluminium Circles with both outer surface Cladded With SS 304 430 compunded thickness=2.5MM)	Triply Circle (Aluminium Circles with both outer surface Cladded With SS 304 430 compunded thickness=2.5MM)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 245'2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 265'2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 255*2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 270*2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 315*2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 330*2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 380°2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 355*2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 330*2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 305*2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 280*2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 255°2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 330*2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 305°2.5)	Aluminium Circles Cladded With Stainless Steel From Both Sides (Sizes 280*2.5)	Description of Goods
1263657.57	582601.37	628042.06	425960.29	897730.71	369373.24	681410.92	812333.88	396048.9	1159599	1069801.81	873938.4	767891.11	863243.03	777498.81	793995.06	811578.97	2385856.2	2006734.37	943515.87	ASSESSABL E VALUE
7 94774.32	43695.1	6 47103.15	31947.02	67329.8	27702.99	51105.82	60925.04	29703.67	86969.93	80235.14	65545.38	57591.83	64743.23	58312.41	59549.63	60868.42	178939.2	150505.1	70763.69	BCD@7.59
1358431.89	626296.473	675145.215	457907.312	965060.513	397076.233	732516.739	873258.921	425752.568	1246568.93	1150036.95	939483.78	825482.943	927986.257	835811.221	853544.69	872447.393	2564795.42	2157239.45	1014279.56	CAL. OF
257422.8427	118683.1816	127940.0181	86773.43558	182878.9673	7	138811.922	165482.5655	80680.11154	236224.8113	217932.0012	178032.1763	156429.0177	175853.3957	158386.2263	161746.7187	165328.7809	486028.7311	408796.8753	192205,9767	CVD@18.95%
27 9477.4318	16 4369.5103	81 4710.3155	58 3194.7022	73 6732.9803	15 2770.2993	22 5110.5819	55 6092.5041	54 2970.3668	13 8696.9925	12 8023.5136	63 6554.538	77 5759.1833	57 6474.3227	63 5831.2411	87 5954.963	09 6086.8423	11 17893.922	53 15050.508		SWS@
318 292559.789		155 145403.199	022 98617.5809	803 207841.043		819 157759.064	041 188070.118	368 91692.5482	925 268468.331	136 247678.643	538 202332.689	333 177780.806	227 199856.516	111 180005.164	963 183824.347	123 187895.343	922 552369.252	08 464595.63	7076.369 218441.143	ng CVD
	134882.85							.5482	8.331					5.164			9.252	95.63	1.143	P
654234.3815	301630.6442	325156.6868	220532.7404	464782.7938	191235.8846	352787.3867	420570.2289	205046.694	600360.06	553869.2934	452464.7833	397560.8403	446927.4614	402535.042	411075.6579	420179.3888	1235231.12	1038948.09	488487.179	ng CVD) Payable
126365.757	58260.137	62804.206	42596.029	89773.071	36937.324	68141.092	81233.388	39604.89	115959.9	106980.181	87393.84	76789.111	86324.303	77749.881	79399.506	81157.897	238585.62	200673.437	94351.587	@10%
12636.5757	5826.0137	6280.4206	4259.6029	8977.3071	3693.7324	6814.1092	8123.3388	3960.489	11595.99	10698.0181	8739.384	7678.9111	8632.4303	7774.9881	7939.9506	8115.7897	23858.562		9435.1587	
57 252478.7825	116403.7537	125482.8036	9 85106.86594	1 179366.5959	73800.77335	136145.9018	162304.3092	9 79130.57022	9 231687.8802	213746.4016	174612.8923	1 153424.6438	3 172475.9574	1 155344.2622		7 162153.4782	2 476694.0688	20067.3437 400945.5271	7 188514.4708	per BE per BE
25 391481.1152	37 180489.9044	36 194567.4302	94 131962.4978	59 278116.974	35 114431.8298	18 211101.103	92 251661.036	22 122695.9492	02 359243.7702	16 331424.6007	23 270746.1163	38 237892.6659	74 267432.6907	22 240869.1313	158640.213 245979.6696	32 251427.1649	38 739138.2508	71 621686.3078	08 292301.2165	BE paid as per
52 262753.2663	44 121140.7398	02 130589.2566	78 88570.24257	74 186665.8198	98 76804.05482	03 141686.2837	36 168909.1929	92 82350.74481	02 241116.2898	07 222444.6927	53 181718.667	59 159668.1744	07 179494.7707	13 161665.9107	96 165095.9883	168752.2239	08 496092.8691	78 417261.7826	35 196185.9625	Duty

